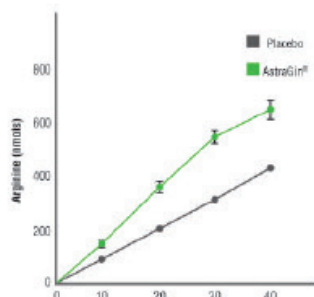
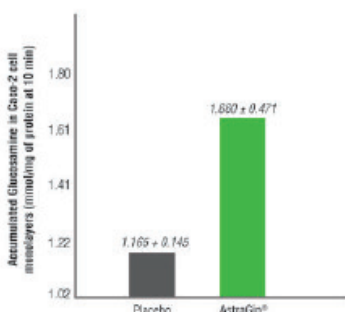


EFFICACY



Increases the steady-state absorption rate of amino acids such as Arginine up to 67%



Increases glucosamine absorption up to 42%

"I have an American Quarter Horse whose name is Kootenai. He is 14.3 hands high, and weighs about 1150lbs. I started using AstraGin® about a month ago and I have noticed a remarkable improvement in the endurance and overall well-being as well as his ability to run faster. I think this product works well with my horse and am looking forward to trying some of your other products."

Dania Kari, DK Stables



FAQs

1. What can AstraGin® do?

AstraGin® has demonstrated in *in-vivo* and *in-vitro* studies to significantly improve the absorption of many essential life supporting and health promoting nutrients, such as amino acids and vitamins in digestive tract. Only when nutrients are absorbed will they become available to your animal's body to support and promote good health and better well-being.

2. How soon will I see results in my pet?

Results will vary with each animal depending on a variety of factors such as age and current health status. Based off pre-clinical results and market feedback from customers, allow anywhere from 2 to 6 weeks for noticeable difference in well-being.

3. What about taste and texture?

AstraGin® is water soluble and has a neutral taste. Pilot tests on pets have shown AstraGin® is easily taken with wet or dry pet food.

4. Isn't digestion the same as absorption?

No. "Digestion" and "absorption" are two different processes. Digestion comes first and then absorption. Nutrients are bonded in foods and supplements and cannot be utilized by animals unless they are "digested" (broken down). "Absorption" is the next and critical step when these digested nutrients are absorbed into the blood stream to become available to your pet.

5. How does AstraGin® work?

AstraGin® has a positive influence on molecules in animals called "transporter" and "mRNA." These two types of molecules determine how much or less specific nutrients are "absorbed" and "retained" in the body.